

LABOR MAY STRIKE FOR MOONEY

Enemy Keeps Terms of Armistice in Belgium; Abandons Great Stores

(By Associated Press.)
With the American Army of Occupation, Nov. 20.—Well into Belgium and within a few hours' march of the German frontier on the south, Major General Joseph T. Dickman's army gathered itself yesterday for another jump into evacuated territory.

The line was unchanged. In accordance with plans the march has been halted for a short time while the heavier artillery, supply service and other elements can be brought up. However, General Dickman's headquarters was moved on to Longuyon last night and corps and division commanders made similar advances.

As the Germans withdraw the concentration of the army of occupation is increased and not for a moment has vigilance been relaxed. All possible tactical advantage is carefully taken and the forces are so deployed that the peaceful march might easily in the presence of the enemy be converted into a hostile operation.

The second day of the advance served to confirm the belief at the American headquarters, however, that there was no thought of treachery in the minds of the German general staff and that the terms of the armistice will be faithfully carried out.

There have been a few isolated cases where surrendered materials have been damaged, but it is not thought that such damage was wrought under orders of German commanders. The surrender of damaged airplanes at the airfield in Tellen-court is regarded as a case where individual aviators determined to put their machines out of commission rather than have them fall into the hands of an enemy, much as a cavalryman would shoot a favorite horse to save him from a like fate.

Enormous stores of ammunition and many guns left at Longuyon were little impaired and the machine shops had not been damaged. The electrical machinery in the shops was fully wired and the tools were of the best.

The railway yards at Montmedy and other places along the line that served the Germans as one of their main arteries of communication during their last stand against the allied advance were filled with locomotives and cars ready for use, while great quantities of general stores not mentioned in the terms of the armistice had been abandoned to the allies.

Undamaged stores left behind on every road over which the Americans advanced bear evidence of the great retreat.

ITALIAN PRISONERS BEING SENT HOME

Berne, Nov. 20.—Arrangements have been made for the transportation of one hundred thousand Italian prisoners of war from Austria and Germany to Italy by way of Switzerland.

MICKIE SAYS

OUR REPORTER SAYS, "WHEN FOLKS TRAVELED BY TRAIN, I COULD KEEP TRACK OF 'EM, BUT SINCE THESE DOD-GASTED AUTOS ARE LEAVIN' TOWN BY EV'RY ROAD EV'RY HOUR, I GOTTA FAT CHANCE! WHEN FOLKS GO VISITIN' ER HAVE VISITORS, I WISH THEY'D TELL ME ABOUT IT."



AUSTRIA GIVES UP ONE OF HER GREAT SHIPS TO ITALY

(By Associated Press.)
Rome, Nov. 20.—An Italian cruiser has entered the harbor of Sebenico. The Austrian trans-Atlantic liner Franz Josef, which was in port has been taken over and renamed Armand Dias.

Admiral Milto, governor of the Dalmatia regions occupied by Italy hoisted the Italian flag over the vessel according to newspaper dispatches. Order has been restored at Niume.

GERMANS TRADE IRON CROSSES FOR TOBACCO

With the American Troops Northwest of Verdun, Nov. 19.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The German Iron Cross is the prize souvenir and to obtain one the American soldier will gladly give several bags of tobacco and even money in the bargain.

It is interesting commentary on the esteem, or lack of esteem, in which the cross is held by Fritz that he parts with it in a great number of cases, and generally with only expressions of contempt for it and its significance. Even German officers give up their crosses occasionally.

Here and there is to be found an American soldier who has a German machine or automatic gun as a souvenir, but only rarely because they generally have a military value and are too bulky to be used or carried. German carbines and rifles are more popular though they too are almost impossible to carry in the way.

Greatly coveted though seldom found are the revolvers that German officers carry. Unlike the American soldier, the German, seldom if ever, carries such a weapon. Even the numerous "non-coms" of the German army have them only rarely. Consequently they are scarce and are all the more popular because they are easily carried, useful and handy. They are good weapons, too.

Every German soldier carries as a rule a mass of documents on his person, ranging from written and unwritten post cards to sentimental, illustrated sayings, colored pictures and the like. At the start they were in demand as souvenirs but are now far too common. Even the inevitable diary is no longer popular. It is invariably written in illegible German script and contains little if anything of interest.

PRISONERS RETURN DESTITUTE OF FOOD AND CLOTHING

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 20.—Stockholm dispatches to Central News agency says that German troops have occupied Minsk, in Lithuania.

Half a million released war prisoners are advancing through Ural mountains. Arrangements are being made to supply them with food and clothing.

HUN U-BOATS DELIVERED TO ALLIES

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 20.—Twenty German submarines were surrendered to Rear Admiral Reginald B. Tyrwhitt, 30 miles off Harwich, this morning at sunrise, according to press association dispatches.

They are the first U-boats to be turned over to the allies by Germany.

TEXAS CASUALTY LIST.

Lieutenant Eugene Mellison, of Dallas, killed in action.
Privates David P. Land, of Lorraine and Barney L. Walker, of Georgetown, wounded but degree undetermined. Private Nathan T. Hunnerberg of Dallas was wounded slightly.
Corporal Leslie Dale Thompson of Beeville, and John R. Davis of Chilton, who have been confined to the hospital have returned to duty.

ENTERTAINMENT FOR RED CROSS NETS SUM OF \$116.00

The dance given last week by the Farmers' Lodge, P. V. K. was not only an enjoyable affair to those who attended but resulted in netting \$116 for the Red Cross.

The ladies of the neighborhood donated the eggs, sugar and cream, and many cakes, most of the cakes were auctioned off. One cake brought \$16 and Louis Krc was the lucky winner.

Mrs. Joe Merka gave a knitted sweater, knitted by herself which brought \$7 and all of the numbers were not sold. Mrs. Joe Holik won the sweater.

A box of cigars with Kaiser Wilhelm's picture on the box brought \$6.50. Tickets were sold for the cigars at 25 cents each. Everyone buying a ticket had his name written on a piece of paper and these were mixed in a hat and a little girl drew one out. It bore the name of Ross Salvaggio.

A box of candy was given to Mrs. Joe A. Zemanek for guessing the nearest to the number of beans contained in a jar, each guess costing 10 cents.

John Kosarek gave a box of cigars which were sold at 10 cents a chance.

Mrs. Joe A. Zemanek and Mrs. John Habarta were very active in working up the entertainment and deserve credit for the success of the evening's pleasure.

WALSH TENDERS HIS RESIGNATION

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 20.—Frank P. Walsh, joint chairman with William H. Taft on national war labor board, yesterday sent his resignation to President Wilson, with the explanation that professional engagements required his return to the practice of law at the earliest possible moment, now that hostilities had ceased.

Seattle Trades Council Has Inaugurated Big Strike Mooney Behalf

(By Associated Press.)
Seattle, Nov. 20.—After a protracted session lasting till past midnight the Seattle trades council, representing approximately 35,000 workers voted to strike to bring about the release of Thomas J. Mooney and his co-defendants.

It was decided that action will be taken by the Seattle trades-council to bring about a concerted movement with all the trades unions of the world and make the protest an international affair.

Arthur Henderson, leader of the British labor party has been requested by cable to ask the British labor organizations to take action in concert with the Seattle council.

Other labor organizations throughout the United States will be reached by wire and asked to co-operate in bringing about the release of Mooney and his co-defendants.

Labor believes that Mooney has been unjustly convicted and that he was not given a fair trial and it is the intention of the Seattle trades council to do all within its power to bring about a reversal of the judgment of the court which labor claims has been prejudiced.

Mooney was convicted for killings that were caused by the explosion of a bomb during a parade on Market street, in San Francisco about three years ago. The case has attracted nation wide interest and has been viciously prosecuted so organized labor claims and perjured witnesses have been used by the prosecution.

Organized labor has asked that he be given a new trial but the courts have refused to grant it. On Monday the supreme court handed down a decision refusing to review the case. No date has yet been set for the calling of the strike.

SUGGESTION THAT WILHELM RETURN TO GERMANY SUSPICIOUS

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 20.—The rumors that William Hohenzollern, the former German emperor, may possibly return to Germany, as supported by the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger's hint that he would not be refused an entry to that country, have created a considerable stir here. They are featured by several of the morning newspapers as creating an uncertain situation which is rendered more doubtful by accounts of the activity of German propagandists in several countries.

The fear mainly is that the former emperor would sooner of later become the center of a reactionary movement in Germany when the present revolutionary storm has blown over, and the advocates of this view consequently fear his return to his former empire.

On the other hand, the fact of the former ruler placing himself or being placed in the hands of the new rulers of Germany would be welcomed in other quarters. These rulers, the Morning Post argues, should be able to execute judgment upon him and in so doing would only be acting as fitting instruments of justice.

There is everywhere, however, agreement in the idea that the emperor's presence in Holland is intolerable, and it is insisted that he must somehow be impotent to do further mischief. The reports from Holland show that the uninvited guest is becoming daily more unwelcome there notwithstanding his quiet retirement. Belated advices from The Hague show that the Dutch socialists reiterated in parliament on Friday last their objections to his presence and demanded that he be deported.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from The Hague reports that the German soldiers' council in Antwerp on Thursday last adopted a resolution that the soldiers and workmen's council in Berlin demand extradition of the former emperor and the former crown prince, as well as certain generals. The solution expresses belief that the ex-ruler exercises too much influence in Holland, and forms the center of counter-revolutionary intrigue.

The Daily Express sees the possibility of a plot to trick the allies and create a federation far exceeding in strength and resources the former German empire.

HEADQUARTERS FOR AMERICAN PEACE DELEGATES SELECTED

(By Associated Press.)
Paris, Nov. 20.—The American representatives at the peace conference and their staffs, will occupy a building on the place De La Concorde, which has been the headquarters of the American Red Cross since June.

The headquarters for the Red Cross now are at hotel Regina.

WERE YOU OVERLOOKED

The campaign for the united war fund is to close Wednesday afternoon. Every effort has been made to see all and give them the privilege to do their part in contributing to this worthy cause.

Chairman J. S. Doane says that if you have been overlooked it has been unintentionally and that if such is the case, your subscription will be taken Thursday morning if the one overlooked will see him or any one of the committee having this work in charge.

NO MORE HEROINES.

Now that the fair sex has come into its own (or her own, or his own), why not do away with feminine terminations, where they can be spared? A hero is a hero the world over, therefore, why heroine! Likewise, why authoress, poetess, conductorette, etcetera? We do not say chairwoman of congresswoman.

Bolsheviki Gunboats on Dvina Puts the Allies at Great Disadvantage

PRESIDENT TO CROSS IN DREADNAUGHT WELL CONVOYED

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 20.—President Wilson and the American delegation to the peace conference will cross the Atlantic on a big army transport convoyed by a dreadnaught battleship and a flotilla of destroyers, naval officials announced today.

MUTINOUS SAILORS SAVED GERMAN NAVY FROM ANNIHILATION

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 20.—Captain Persius, a German naval expert, in a lengthy article in the Berlin Tageblatt, says the German navy was no match for the English navy and that when the sailors mutined last month and refused to go out and give battle when ordered to do so that they saved many lives and the entire navy from destruction and rendered an invaluable service to their country.

LITTLE NEUTRAL COUNTRY SUFFERS ACCOUNT OF WAR

London, Nov. 20.—According to advices from Funchal the conditions in the densely populated island of Madeira is deplorable owing to the war's curtailment of steamship traffic. Communication with the island has been reduced to only one steamer a month causing an industrial paralysis and cutting off to an alarming extent importation of foodstuffs.

FRUIT PITS AND NUT SHELLS ARE NO LONGER NEEDED

Washington, Nov. 20.—The saving of fruit pits and nut shells is no longer necessary. Chemical warfare section of the United States army, today informed food administration the supply of fruit pits and nutshells now on hand is sufficient to meet the requirements for gas masks.

CHANGE IN UKRAINIAN GOVERNMENT HELPS

Washington, Nov. 20.—The reported overturning of the Ukraine government by General Denikine, and the anti-Bolsheviki troops will simplify the work of the allies in Russia, officials here said today.

It was pointed out that with the Cossacks, many of whom are Ukrainians themselves in charge it will be easy to reach Russia in Europe by way of the Black sea which is now open to the allies.

ABDICATION DECREE TO BE PUBLISHED

Paris, Nov. 20.—In order to end the discussion as to whether William Hohenzollern has really abdicated as German emperor, it is understood the German government intends to publish his decree of abdication. This consists of an attempt to justify the war on the ground of Germany's isolation. The abdication decree, according to the correspondent at Zurich of L'Information, concludes with these words:

"To avoid difficulties and to put an end to the mourning and suffering of my people, I renounce the throne and leave my faithful subjects to choose a government which seems to them most compatible with honor and to their interest."

GERMANS TO GET WHEAT, MEATS AND FATS FROM DENMARK

(By Associated Press.)
Copenhagen, Nov. 20.—Delegates from Vienna have arrived at Berlin to negotiate a union of German-Austria with Germany.

As a result of negotiations between Denmark and Germany, the latter will receive money; seventy-five thousand tons of fats; a hundred and fifty thousand tons of meat, and two hundred and thirty thousand tons of wheat, according to Berlin advices.

FOOD CONFERENCE CALLED FOR NOV. 25

County Agent C. L. Beason wants more food raised and more of it saved. He says:

"If food played an important part in winning the war, it is now left to play a most important part in winning the world. Preparations to ship two hundred and fifty thousand tons of food stuffs to relieve suffering Austria, indicates that America has already undertaken the herculean task of feeding 180,000,000 of starving people."

"Those desiring to learn more about the great task before us and those wishing to render helpful service, should, if they can, attend the food administration conference at Houston, Monday, November 25."

"Mrs. Will Howell has been chosen the delegate to represent the women of Brazos county at this conference and several others have indicated a desire to attend the meeting. I trust they will do so. They will learn much of interest to them and will return enthused as never before with a desire to carry on this great work."

COAL MINERS ARE TO BE RELEASED FROM SERVICE

Washington, Nov. 20.—Immediate release from the army of men in training in this country, who prior to their induction into military service were anthracite coal miners, has been ordered by Secretary Baker at the request of the fuel administration. Urgent need for increased production of anthracite coal led to the issuing of the order, the fuel administration announced tonight.

Instructions sent by Secretary Baker to all training camp commanders directing that anthracite miners in military service be sent to Washington, where those who desire to resume their former occupation will be given immediate discharge.

INSTRUCTION ON DEMOBILIZATION OF RECRUITS GIVEN

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 20.—Telegraphic instructions from the war department to headquarters to the southern department today were to the effect that the first men to be discharged are those who enlisted to serve during the emergency and those who were drafted or inducted into the service during the emergency. The messages states that the order did not apply to tactical divisions, replacements, central officers' training schools, independent camps, depot brigades and ports of embarkation, consequently only a small number of men in comparison to the number actually under arms in the department will be affected.

HOLDING CONFERENCE.

A conference will be held in Bryan Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of reorganizing the work of the local presbytery for more effective service in the home missionary field. It is the desire of those interested that the scope of the local work be enlarged and made more effective.

Those attending the conference are: Dr. J. P. Robertson, Galveston; Rev. E. L. Storey, Alvin; Rev. W. M. Lewis, Navasota and Rev. C. H. Storey, Bryan.

GERMANS PAID HEAVY.

Copenhagen, Nov. 20.—Up to October 31, a million, five hundred and eighty thousand German soldiers had been killed, and the fate of two hundred and sixty thousand more is unknown.

TOLL OF THE U-BOAT.

London, Nov. 20.—The allied and neutral shipping losses in October totalled ninety-three thousand tons. The British admiralty announces that the British losses amounted to eighty-four thousand tons.

(By The Associated Press.)
Archangel, Nov. 20.—Their infantry attacks having been repulsed the Bolsheviki forces along the Dvina, were today bombarding the Russian-Allyed positions on the left bank of the river at Tulgas.

Allied artillery is replying vigorously.

Since late in September the Bolsheviki forces have been stubbornly, but fruitlessly, trying to drive the allied forces north and up the river above its junction with the Vaga.

The small amount of ice in the river, which is unusual for this time of the year, is helping the enemy, as it enables them to make use of their gunboats, they apparently having having large numbers of these formidable craft. On these boats they mount long range guns which they have brought from the Petrograd fortifications.

As long as the Bolsheviki are able to use these gunboats the Americans and British forces engaged with them are combating great odds.

In man power the Bolsheviki seem to have great superiority and their losses are numerous, being five times that of the allies.

HETMAN OF UKRAINE SAYS HIS COUNTRY WILL JOIN RUSSIA

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 20.—General Skoropadski, Hetman of Ukraine, has issued a statement to the Ukrainians calling their attention to the imminent establishment of Russia as a federated state. He declares that Ukraine will enter this new government, says a German wireless.

TRAINING PROGRAM CONTINUES AT TRAVIS

Camp Travis, Texas, Nov. 20.—As if a gigantic lever had been thrown, the machinery of the mammoth receiving station at Camp Travis was reversed at the signing of the armistice, and recruits of the latest draft, who a few hours before had been transformed from civilians into soldiers quickly were restored to their former status and were paid off and sent back home.

Beyond the return of this increment the local officials are without further demobilization orders and probably not before congress acts will any of those who came to camp in previous increments be released. On the other hand the intensive training program of both the 165th Depot Brigade and the Cactus Division is being pushed as if the struggle still were raging over on the other side of the Atlantic. Transfers from the depot brigade to the division are continuing.

ALLEN TAKES GAME 7 TO 0.

The football game Tuesday afternoon between Allen academy and the "Dummies" resulted in 6 to 0 in favor of Allen academy.

The Allen boys outplayed the deaf and dumb boys although the Allen team was feeling the effects of their trip to Beaumont.

There was no brilliant work done on either side, but the game was good, clean football from beginning to end, with Allen having the best of it from the start.

Graves of A. and M. acted as referee, Coffey was umpire, Boyett head line man and Garth timekeeper.

On Thanksgiving Allen will play Marlin high school to settle the dispute for the state championship of this portion of Texas. Allen is still in the lead, although having tied one game with Austin high school, but Waco scored 6 points on Austin and this places Allen in the lead on percentage.

The Thanksgiving game is to be played at Kyle field at 3 p. m.

BRITISH LOSSES 658,665.

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 20.—The British losses in killed on all fronts during the war was 658,665.

THE WEATHER

Tonight showers; Thursday, fair and colder.

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TELEPHONE 38.

ARE YOU GUILTY?

These are busy times. Many calls come each day for your time. You are asked to do this and to do that. There are drives and campaigns to work in. There are committees to attend and speeches to be made until the average business man can hardly find the time to eat.

Help is scarce and inefficient and all are working under high pressure. In all this rush and smashing drives one is apt to overlook the most important business of all—farming.

The very foundation of the prosperity of this country rests on agriculture. There can be no permanent prosperity unless the farmers are prosperous—unless the land yields abundantly and fair prices are realized for that which is raised.

The great majority of business men have not yet woken up to the fact that it is to their interest and to their welfare to help the farmer. They have failed to realize that their prosperity and welfare is bounded up with that of the farmer. In a hazy indifferent sort of way every business man wants the farmer to succeed; wants him to raise big crops and get a good price for what he raises, but how few business men make any effort to help the farmer to raise those good crops or to get that good price?

From the very nature of his work the farmer is not a business man. Farming and business are two too big for any one man to be efficient in both. If a man is a good farmer or a poor farmer he does not have the time to keep up with the ever changing business methods and practices. If a business man keeps abreast of the times he has no time to study soils, seeds, transplanting, transfusion, planting and pruning.

Those communities that are making the greatest headway in "becoming better places in which to live" are those communities in which the farmer and the business man work hand-in-glove. The farmer tends to raising and growing the stuff and the business man sees that he sells that stuff at the very best possible advantage.

The farmer is often accused of resorting to sharp practices—of putting the big potatoes on top of the basket and the little ones at the bottom. Don't many business men set him the example?

Mutual respect, co-operation, co-ordination and confidence one in the other is the only way for any community to advance and become a place worth while in which to live.

As a rule business men are better versed and have a larger grasp on conditions than farmers have. They should take the initiative in all movements to benefit the community and they should include the farmer in those movements.

Those communities throughout the nation that have done this have always reaped a splendid return in increased prosperity for all, greater happiness and a more enlightened citizenry.

Don't forget the farmer. Work with him. Learn his viewpoints. Study his problems. Enter into his life. Help him to a better, broader, happier lot and in doing so you will increase your own welfare and happiness four-fold. Try it.

ARE YOU A LIFTER?

There are two classes of people—lifters and leaneers. Which are you? The lifters are the builders, the trail blazers, the initiators, the strong, the never-say-die sort, the man and woman that is always doing something to help the other fellow.

The others are just—leaners. They lean on anyone who will support them.

In a greater or less extent, every man and woman makes up into one of these classes. In a greater or less degree you gravitate each day one way or the other. You grow stronger or you grow weaker. Which is it? Think for a moment? Where do you stand? What do you think? What do you do?

The mental world is being made over. Spirituality is governing the world as never before since the dawn of time. You must take your stand in the new ranks. You must be a lifter or leaner. You must help or you must be a drag. Which will you be?

Every time you lift you grow stronger. Every time you help you gain strength to do greater work. Every time you lean—every so unconsciously—you grow weaker.

The entire world must be made strong. The strong must lift up the weak. Will you help, or must you be helped?

Get busy. Do something to help. Never before in the history of the human race was there so much to be done. Be a lifter. Radiate joy. Smile. Work. Help.

Lead and others will follow. The

world needs leaders. Be an example to those less strong than yourself. Inspire, enthuse and lift, my friend; lift.

IS IT ANY WONDER?

It has been impossible for other peoples to understand the cruel and heartless nature of the German. He was an unclassified beast. Other peoples had been living in the world with him but they did not know him. They could not conceive of any peoples committing the crimes that he did. It took years to make them believe he was guilty of the atrocities with which he was charged. The view of other peoples was so far from that of the German that they could not understand him. It was only after other peoples began to study the German character that they came to know him. When they came to know teachings that he had been imbibing; when they came to read and study the writings of the leaders of Germany and to realize the falsities that had been instilled into the masses by the leaders they began to know the "blond beast," lustfully roving in search of booty and victory.

Here are some of the teachings of the eminent leaders of Hunland:

"Woe and death to all those who shall oppose my will. Woe and death to those who do not believe in my mission.—Kaiser William in his proclamation of 1914.

"O Germany, hate now! Arm thyself in steel and pierce with thy bayonet the heart of every foe; no prisoners! Lock all their lips in silence; turn our neighbors' lands into deserts."—Vierordt.

"The German is a hero born, and believes he can hack and hew his way through life."—Trietschke.

"A policy of sentiment is folly. Enthusiasm for humanity is idiocy. Right and wrong are notions needed in civil life only."—Tannenber.

"What does right matter to me? I have no need of it. . . . I have the right to do what I have power to do."—M. Stirner.

"Might is the supreme right, and the dispute as to what is right is decided by the arbitrament of war."—Bernhardi.

"The German people is always right because it is the German people and numbers eighty-seven million souls."—Tannenber.

Imbued with such ideas is it any wonder that the "blond beast" lustfully roved in search of booty and victory?"

One of the greatest men who ever lived said: "To be carnally minded is death, but to be spiritually minded is life and peace." Do you believe he knew what he was talking about? If you do why don't you do as he says?

It must not be forgotten that all wars must be ended as well as the present war. We do not want a great military machine to be erected in this country by the junkers of America.

It soon will be "possum and sweet tater time—why should Texas people worry?"

What has become of the stand-by of all boarding houses in pre-war days—grits and prunes?

Are you putting up the best fight that's in you or are you just drifting?

Other Editors

Germany's Insanity.
(Galveston News.)

Fifty-five months ago the German empire was universally esteemed as a model of commercial and educational constructiveness. Students from every quarter of the world eagerly sought entrance into the great German universities, where they were taught by professors of exceptional learning and unflinching earnestness. German ships bearing German merchandise were found on every sea, and Germans in the employment of firms and corporations of other nationalities were highly regarded for their efficiency, their constancy and their practical intelligence. Germany was a prosperous nation, and in every considerable respect if not always the admiration of non-Germans. But there was a worm in the bud of Germany, its presence guessed by some, but its activities minimized or discounted by practically all observers.

That worm may be defined as militarism. At the head of the German army was the chief of the German nation, the cynosure of all German eyes. He was nurtured in military traditions, he delighted in military maneuvers, he was always a military uniform gauded with military badges. He levied, drilled and commanded the most powerful army in the world, and he coveted action for that army, action proportioned to its terrific force. He was ambitious to enlarge the boundaries of his empire, to become historic as something more than a successful civil administrator. He talked frequently of the restrained might of his legions, of "the iron hand in the velvet glove," of his shining sword and scintillant armor—he was undeniably vain-glorious, but the world heard him good-humoredly and regarded his outgivings as manifestations of vanity which would be restrained by his own better sense, or by the practical intelligence of German statesmen and the German people. The world regarded Wilhelm II as an interesting figure, a personality given to the making of gayety for the nations, and for the most part accepted his loquacity and braggadocio with uniform good nature.

But the worm in the bud was busily at work, as worms do. And by August, 1914, the insect had quite destroyed the better nature of the German monarch and, strangely enough, blighted to all appearance, the character of the whole German people. Without excuse, despite the pleadings of diplomats and the accommodations of statesmen seeking the way to peace,

Wilhelm II declared war on Russia, following up that declaration with another against France. Without any declaration, he ordered his armies to break into Belgium, a small country with which he had no quarrel, and, when Belgium resisted his armies, began a campaign of terrorism and devastation such as had not been paralleled since the dark ages. The world today stands in witness of the cumulative result of those surprising and surpassing manifestations of military madness.

The German empire is in ruins. The hereditary emperor and king, with his successor and members of his family, is a fugitive, dwelling by permission in a foreign land. German military power has abjectly surrendered to mightier military powers, whose forces were mainly organized after the dogs of war were unleashed. The German people for a hundred years must pay for the crimes of their ruler and his coadjutors, also for their own partnership, fanatical and ferocious, in the conduct of the war he hurled them into.

The day of injustice is not passed. But never in the whole course of civilization has wrong been more completely routed or right more thoroughly justified by arms.

The Flight of William II.
(Springfield Republican.)

In his flight to Holland with the crown prince, William II follows the road taken by his grandfather, William I, in the revolution of 1848. If that revolution had not been put down by the well-disciplined armies of autocracy, the history of Germany and of the world would have taken a very different course, and the chief causes of the present catastrophe would have been taken away.

To destroy the liberal and republican sentiment which led to that flare-up was the chief preoccupation of the reactionary rulers of Germany, and to that end they used the schools, the army and the bureaucratic machine. The schools taught a mischievous jingo patriotism, the army won glorious and profitable victories, the government placated the masses with welfare legislation. As a result, Germany's rulers buried liberalism only to see it spring up 2 generations later as socialism. With the revolution of 1848 the king of Prussia could readily have made terms that would have put not Prussia only, but all Germany, on the way to a healthy democratic development like that of England.

The great split between the masses and the upper and middle classes which gave socialism so tremendous a development in Germany goes back to the suppression of the revolution which drove William I, to a hasty flight in 1848. The Hohenzollern sowed the wind and reaps the whirlwind.

DEMOCRACY.

"Well, said the captain of artillery, as he stood watching three Yanks playing baseball in the Tuilleries gardens in Paris, 'I guess that if we came over here to make the world safe for democracy, we have finished the job and can go home.'"

"Look," pointing to the three ball players. "One of those men is an American soldier, one is a Y. M. C. A. secretary, and one is a dorky from an American stevedore regiment. The white soldier's father was killed while fighting to free the slaves, the 'Y' man's father was a slave owner and the dorky's grandfather was a slave. They are playing ball in the grounds that were once the private grounds of an emperor. If that isn't democracy to the Nth power, what do you call it?"

Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic
restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 60c.

WHAT THEY THINK OF THAT BOY

(Who at seventeen has just enlisted.)
The woman across the way: Well, it will certainly be a relief for all of us. I hope it will do him good!

His uncle (in the service): They ought to hold him back and give him more schooling.

His Sister: Of course he ought to! His Head Master: What a pity!

His Father: My boy, I've said all I could to stop you. Now go to it!

His Mother: Oh, my boy! my boy!

MOTHER! YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, FROM CONSTIPATION

If tongue is coated, breath bad, stomach sour, clean liver and bowels.

Give "California Syrup of Figs" at once—a teaspoonful today often saves a sick child tomorrow.

If your little son is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that his little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, "feverish," stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of his little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweetens the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Pull directly for its babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

OLIVER EXPERT TO TALK WITH BRAZOS COUNTY FARMERS

The Parker-Astin Hardware Co., is interested in a greater increase in farm products for Brazos county. They want to see that bigger and better crops are raised in 1919 than were raised last season.

The Oliver Chilled Plow Works, of Dallas, Texas, has designated December 2-7 as the dates for a drive to make the start for larger crops of corn and cotton so much needed by the allies and there will be an expert from Dallas in Bryan on those dates who wants to meet all the farmers of this county. He will make headquarters at the Parker-Astin hardware establishment.

Farmers will be shown how they can increase crops and cut down labor and time expended by following certain rules in planting of seed. Tight or swag land, will be discussed in its relation to planting, as well as light soil, and other features connected with planting will be discussed.

Farmers will find Oliver men emphasizing to them during planters' week, the advisability of planting their corn and cotton seed "right" the first time giving each plant sufficient territory from which to draw plant food from the start and avoid the necessity of replanting a stand with slips in it.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quart of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

KNEW HIS FAILING AND TOOK CAUTIONS

(By Associated Press)
Paris, Nov. 18.—A tanned dough-boy on holiday recently stepped up to the counter of a casino on the coast of Brittany and asked for a bathing suit. He deposited the five francs required of all patrons.

"You get the money back, you know, when you return the suit," said the Young Men's Christian association girl at the counter. "Sure, I know it," said the soldier, grinning. "That's why I'm hiring this suit. I'm not going in swimmin'. I'm just going to hang on the suit until it's time for me to return to camp. Then I'll turn it in and have at least five francs in my jeans. Get me?"

His five francs went on deposit in this unusual "bank."

SHERIFF'S SALE

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Brazos:

By virtue of an order of sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Brazos County, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1918, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of H. O. Boatwright and Jno. M. Lawrence versus C. H. Mohelman and M. G. Nall, No. 7722, and to me as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sale, on the First Tuesday in December, A. D. 1918, it being the 3rd day of said month, before the Court House door of said Brazos County, in the city of Bryan, Texas, the following described property, to-wit:

Lot No. four (4) and the North twenty-nine (29) feet off of Lot No. three (3) in Block No. two hundred and sixty-two (262) in the City of Bryan, Brazos County, Texas, levied on as the property of C. H. Mohelman, to satisfy a judgement amounting to \$14,363.30 in favor of H. O. Boatwright and Jno. M. Lawrence, and costs of suit.

Given under my hand, this 4th day of November, A. D. 1918.

T. C. NUNN,
w28 Sheriff Brazos County, Texas.

A Matter of Memory.

James Hopper, who broke all war correspondent records by going "over the top" with the doughboys at Cantigny, has a hatred for faking.

At a fish dinner in Paris a faking correspondent denied that he had ever written any fakes.

"Well, George," said Mr. Hopper, "maybe you're like old Si Peacham."

"I'm 89 years old," said old Si in the general store, "and I don't remember ever to have told a lie."

"The general storekeeper gave a short rasping laugh.

"Well, Si," he said, "nobody expects you to have much of a memory at your age."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

THE "HE-PERSON"

By MILDRED E. SWENSON.

(Copyright, 1918, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Just a minute," said Ann, and then in a lower voice, as she handed the phone to Bab: "It's for you. I think it's Doug." Bab grasped the phone quickly. After a few minutes' conversation she put down the receiver, and placing her arm around her friend, started whirling her about the room.

"Gracious, let me rest a minute," exclaimed Ann. "And if you don't mind, just what is the matter anyway?" She drew Bab to the sofa.

"Well, it's just this way," explained Bab. "Doug is coming up tonight, and he's going to bring a nice young man."

"Really," said Ann, adding in a disinterested voice, "Who?"

"His name is Ray Stanley, and he was a friend of Doug's in college. He's leaving with Doug for camp in a few days, and Doug says that they want to make the most of the short time they have left."

"But where do I come in?" asked Ann, for she was Bab's guest.

"Where?" repeated Bab. "Why, you big silly! With Ray, of course." But Ann thought otherwise.

"Well, I guess I don't come in with any old Ray or anyone else for that matter. You might have asked my permission before trying to put me off on any old 'he-person,' so there!" And Ann, with her head high in the air, ran out of the room.

"Well, of all the—" started Bab, then stopped. What was the matter with Ann, anyway? She absolutely refused to meet those "he-persons," as she persisted in calling the opposite sex, and all of Bab's efforts to that end had been failures. Ann was fond of Doug, in a way—because he was engaged to Bab—but any other male was much more to her away from her. Suddenly Bab jumped up, as if inspired, and going over to the phone again called Doug's number.

They chatted for a few moments, with a few eagerly suppressed "Yes's," "Oh, do's," and "That will be fine's" on Bab's part. Then she went out to join her friend, who was seated in the hammock.

She had just gotten comfortably seated when the phone rang again.

"Oh, heavens!" exclaimed Bab; "there's that old phone again. I do wish people would let me stay quiet for a few minutes once in a while."

"I'll answer it, Bab," said Ann, obligingly. "It's probably one of the Bond girls to remind us that we are to play tennis with them tomorrow." And she went into the house. A few minutes later she came out flushed and angry.

"Of all the nerve I ever heard of!" she exclaimed, "that's positively the limit."

"Why, Ann," said Bab, looking up in a surprised way. "What's the trouble?"

"Trouble? Trouble's no name for it. That Stanley fellow called up and asked for me, and then informed me that he was coming over to see me tonight! Think of that for nerve. Why, I never even met him."

"But, of course, you didn't refuse?" asked Bab, sweetly.

"Refuse? I certainly did! And then he said he didn't care, he was coming anyway. Oh, I suppose I'll have to see him, but I won't talk to him, you may be sure of that."

"I don't see the necessity of your even meeting him, Ann, if you don't care to," said Bab, gently. "You told him you didn't want to, so if he comes and doesn't see you, it's his own fault."

"Well, if you think it will be all right," said Ann. "I'd rather—no—ot!" This last was said slowly and as if she didn't know whether she really meant it or not.

The subject seemed to be settled, but just after dinner, as Bab was dressing for the evening—for she intended to entertain Doug, anyway—Ann came into her room, and said, apologetically: "Don't you think, Bab, that I might see that Stanley person to-night?" and she hesitated. "He's going away to camp, and—"

Bab hugged her. "Of course, it will be all right," she said, "and you're a dear to do it. I know you don't like boys, so it's all the nicer of you to entertain this one, but remember it's only for one night, and you needn't see him again if you don't want to. Doug will be so pleased!" Ann smiled as she started to dress.

"Yes, it's only for one night, and—he did have a sort of nice voice," and she added as an afterthought: "For a 'he-person.'"

So when the boys came they found two radiant girls waiting for them. Ray seemed to think that Ann was pretty nice for a man-hater, too. As for Ann—well, she sufficiently forgot her hatred of "he-persons" enough to promise Ray that she would write to him when he left a few days later. But the queer part of it was that she never discovered that it was at Bab's prompting that the "he-person" had called her up!

Happiness Through Kindness.
Life for some is a hard and weary journey. From the cradle to the grave many must grapple with overwhelming odds. Those of us blessed with health and vigor should occasionally think about this truth, and if we know that it lies within our power to make lighter such a person's burden we certainly should do so, and we would realize a deep happiness through our little act of kindness. Whatever efforts we make to give somebody else happiness and good cheer will come back to us in boomerang fashion a hundred fold.—New York Evening Telegram.

Made-at-Home Labor-Saving Devices.
In 11 communities of one county in Oregon the women are making homemade driers, homemade fireless cookers, and homemade iceless refrigerators under the direction of the home demonstration agent. In connection with this project one woman found that an investment of 50 cents in a dish drainer and a wire dishcloth for pots and pans saved her 10 minutes of the time required to do the dishes after each meal, or 30 minutes a day. In a year she figured this time, if accumulated, would give two weeks, of 12 hours a day, leisure. Was the investment worth while?

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

New Store---New Goods ---Popular Prices---

We have a complete stock of
Men's Clothing,
Children's Ready-to-Wear,
Ladies' Millinery and
Men's and Women's Shoes.
Large variety of Notions to select from.
It will be a pleasure to have you make our store your headquarters when you come to Bryan.

J. GROGINSKY

Colored Church Buys Canner.
Successful canning work has been done in a colored community in Virginia the past summer through the foresight of its minister. Impressed by the home demonstration agent's talk on the value of canning the surplus products of the garden, this up-to-date leader of a colored church decided to invest in a large hot-water canner and 4,000 cans for a start. His plan as it was carried out was not to do commercial work but to get the people of his church to save enough for themselves this winter. His daughter has had charge of it, and the members of the congregation have brought their fruit and vegetables to his home and canned there under supervision, saving money for themselves and canned goods for the soldiers.

COMPENSATIONS
Crawford: You seem cheerful over the hardships of war.
Crabshaw: Why not? My neighbors have sent their talking-machine to one of the cantonments, and the girl across the street, who used to sing and play half the night, has gone to France for the Red Cross.

WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH.
We will pay up to \$21.50 per set (broken or not). Send now. Cash sent by return mail. Package held 10 to 15 days subject to sender's approval of our offer. Highest prices paid for old gold jewelry, gold crowns, bridges, platinum and silver.
United States Smelting Works, Inc.
994 Goldsmith Bldg., Opp. Postoffice Milwaukee, Wis.

BUILDING UP OUR WOMANHOOD

Given Up to Die by Her Friends, a Young Lady Recovers Her Health and Increases Weight—45 Pounds.
A Powerful Nation Needs Strong Healthy Women.

A nation is no stronger than its women. Hence, it is the duty of every woman whether young, middle age, or in advanced life to preserve her health. If you are sick and suffering don't wait until tomorrow but seek relief at once—today. Tomorrow your fitness may take a chronic turn.

There is a remedy for almost every ill. Thousands have found Peruna to be that remedy as did Miss Clara Lohr of 21 N. Gold St., Grand Rapids, Michigan. She writes a friend: "I don't need Peruna any more. I am all well after taking six bottles. I weighed ninety pounds before I started and was poor and weak. I had such a cough and spitting all the time that I never had any sleep. My friends gave me up. I could eat nothing. Now I can eat and weigh 135 pounds. I most thankfully recommend Peruna to my friends." Miss Lohr's letter is an inspiration, a message of hope to suffering women. It tells you that you too may be strong and well and vigorous.

Peruna may be had in either liquid or tablet form. Ask your dealer. If you value health, do not accept a substitute. Dr. Hartman's World Famous Peruna Tonic is what you want. The Peruna Company, Dept. 79, Columbus, Ohio, also publish Dr. Hartman's Health Book. The book is free. Write for it. Your dealer will give you a Peruna Almanac.

Keep Well
Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep your system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep your system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine."

Thedford's. 25c a package.

Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic

destroys the malarial germs which are transmitted to the blood by the Malaria Mosquito. Price 60c.

Locals and Personals

William L. Powers, county superintendent of schools, is on the streets again after a severe attack of influenza and pneumonia.

Miss Clinnie Carroll of Rock Prairie, visited Bryan friends today.

Mrs. J. T. Fuller of Harvey, was among the shoppers in Bryan yesterday.

Mrs. Philip Endler and Miss Gusie Pringle of Kurten were among those who came to Bryan Tuesday to send official Christmas packages to soldiers in France.

Mrs. George W. Warren of Leonard visited Bryan friends Monday.

Mrs. J. J. Jones of College, was in Bryan Tuesday to make shipment of a Christmas package to her son at Grass Garden, England.

Mrs. John Harbarta of Smetana, was in Bryan Monday to present the local Red Cross chapter with a donation of \$116, the proceeds of an entertainment given by the Bohemian A. K. P. lodge of that community.

Mrs. Frank Higginbotham of the extension department of A. and M. College, left today for Wichita Falls and other points in West Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Moore will soon move from Steele Store in Brazos Bottom and occupy their new bungalow now being built in the southern part of the city, Mr. Moore having accepted a position with the Gulf Refining plant. For several years past Mr. Moore has been manager of the Mooring plantations in Brazos bottom and has been most efficient and successful. Mr. and Mrs. Moore have many friends in Bryan, who give them a cordial welcome.

Mrs. J. P. Harrington, wife of Rev. Harrington, pastor of the Provident Heights Baptist church of Waco, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. John A. Held of this city. Mrs. Harrington spoke to the women of the First Baptist church Monday afternoon on Woman's Work, and the large audience was delighted with her, as a speaker and as a devout christian worker.

Mrs. J. W. Greer, wife of City Manager Greer, left Monday for Austin to enter the Physicians and Surgeons hospital, where she will undergo a major operation this week. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Inez Greer.

CARD OF THANKS.

We take this means of extending our heartfelt thanks for the many kindnesses of friends during the illness and death of our father, M. Mims. J. L. MIMS, M. L. MIMS, LAURA MIMS, d and wpd

TELEGRAMS ARE TO BE CHEAPER AFTER FIRST OF NEXT YEAR

Washington, Nov. 19.—A reduction in the telegraph rates on night messages was ordered today by postmaster General Burleson, effective January 1. The minimum cost for night messages and telegrams is to be 20 cents for ten words and one cent for each additional word for short distance.

Such messages to be delivered by postoffice carriers.

FUNDAMENTAL BASIS OF TRUE EDUCATION IS FOUND IN BIBLE

That there is but one fundamental basis for education, morality and life—the word of God—and that the downfall of Prussianism illustrates the futility of neglecting the Bible, were two of the characteristic statements in the sermon of Dr. E. W. Solomon, pastor of the First Methodist church of Bryan, at the regular chapel service at College Sunday morning. Pure intellectualism is not a sufficient moral or ethical guide for a people, the speaker said, and the truth of this declaration is furnished in the example of what intellectualism did for Germany, he declared.

Taking for his text Psalms 119:104, "Through thy precepts I get understanding; therefore I hate every false way," Dr. Solomon declared this utterance was that of a very learned and very devout Jew and pointed out the following lessons from the experiences of the Jews under the tutelage of God:

They were successful in their undertakings as they were obedient to the commands of Jehovah.

They were uniformly successful in their lives and work as they followed God.

They preserved a race of pure blood and a fecundity and virility that is wonderful; they were strong in intellect and moral force as well as numerous, their statesmen and poets ranking among the first men of all time.

In their moral, political and sanitary laws are found the foundations of the civilization of all the great nations of the world today.

The Jew was all he was by reason of his intuition in the word of God, which began with his infancy and continued until he was a mature man.

From these lessons in the life of the Jews Dr. Solomon said the people of today needed to learn the value of making the study of the Bible fundamental in their lives, declaring that if this were done the blessings which came to the Jews in olden times would come to the people today.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU DEATHLY SICK

Stop Using Dangerous Drug Before It Salivates You! It's Horrible.

You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need vile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.

Here's my guarantee! Ask your druggist for a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money.

Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tonic tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.—Adv.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Sold by E. J. Jenkins and M. H. James.

CHARLES OF AUSTRIA AND FAMILY ARE IN DESPERATE STRAITS

Vienna, Nov. 19.—The situation in Vienna, where the first American correspondent of the Associated Press arrived last week, appears to be more talk than disorder, with an urgent need for bread, especially for the poor of Austria.

Former Emperor Charles, who has retired for the present to his castle at Eckart, says reports in the socialist Robert's Zeitung, is living on the very shortest of rations and possibly may be starving with his wife and family. The former royal family has been unable to get any meat or milk from the neighboring village, or even to have washing done.

Paris, Nov. 19.—An official of the Austrian court who was sent to Schoenbrunn palace to get some clothing for the former emperor, was refused on the pretext that all crown property had been confiscated by the state, say Austrian newspapers.

NEW BUSINESS OPENS.

Roger Q. Astin and J. Seth Mooring have formed a business partnership, to be known as the Mooring Mercantile company, and will open a big store in the Brazos bottom near Mudville at an early date. The building for this new establishment is nearing completion, an immense stock of hardware, groceries, dry goods and general merchandise has been ordered and the doors will be opened for business soon. J. Sidney Smith of this city will be manager of this new enterprise and will leave this week to take up his new work. Mrs. Smith and the children will remain in Bryan for the present.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LETTERS—GUARDIANSHIP.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To all persons interested in the welfare of Frank E. and Cecil L. Loftin, minors.

Mrs. Eva B. Loftin has filed in the County Court of Brazos county, an application for letters of guardianship of the estate and persons of Frank E. and Cecil L. Loftin, minors, which will be heard at the next term of said Court, commencing the third Monday in January, A. D. 1919, at the Court House thereof, in the City of Bryan, Texas, at which time all persons interested in the welfare of said minors may appear and contest such application should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this 17th day of October, A. D. 1918.

(Seal) H. O. FERGUSON, Clerk, County Court, Brazos County, Texas.

Surgeons agree that in cases of cuts, burns, bruises and wounds, the first treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozone is the ideal antiseptic and healing agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Sold by E. J. Jenkins and M. H. James.

U - BOAT CREWS WILL GIVE UP SUBS TO ALLIES

London, Nov. 19.—Considering the surrendering of German ships to the allies, a German wireless message received here says that at a meeting of U-boat crews, at Wilhelmshaven, on November 15, it was resolved to take the submarines out whenever the necessary orders were received.

HUNGARY FORMALLY DECLARES HERSELF TO BE REPUBLIC

Copenhagen, Nov. 19.—Formal proclamation of the Hungarian republic was made Sunday, according to a Budapest dispatch received here. Archduke Joseph took the oath of allegiance to the new government after Count Karolyi, president of the Hungarian national council, had made a speech. Archduke Joseph declared he personally had great sympathy with the peoples' government.

7,500 MEN AT CAMP M'CLELLAN WILL BE RELEASED AT ONCE

Anniston, Ala., Nov. 19.—Orders were received today to release from military service seven thousand five hundred men of the 157th depot brigade and development battalion at Camp McClellan. The men will be mustered out at the rate of five hundred a day, beginning Wednesday.

Orders have also been received to reduce labor battalions at the camp to one thousand men.

GERMAN FLEET WILL BE SURRENDERED TO ALLIES THURSDAY

London, Nov. 19.—The program for the surrender of the German fleet as a result of the conferences held between the British and German naval authorities is for the ships to leave German ports Wednesday, and will be taken over by the allies on Thursday. King George and the Prince of Wales will review the grand fleet at Rosyth Wednesday. Later the fleet will sail for the rendezvous assigned for the surrender ceremony.

Copenhagen, Nov. 19.—The first section of the German fleet to be surrendered to the allies left Kiel on Sunday, November 17, for the North sea.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

GOV. HOBBY FAVORS SETTLING RETURNED SOLDIERS ON FARMS

Governor Hobby will ask the Thirty-sixth legislature to submit an amendment to the voters of the state permitting the appropriation of sufficient funds to start land settlement in Texas upon a broad scale.

Governor Hobby says: "The people of Texas know, I am committed to the policy of government improvement of land and its sale in farms to actual settlers upon long time and on easy terms. That was one of the main planks in the platform upon which the people elected me governor, and I hope that the next legislature and the voters will make it possible for the state to engage in that work next year."

"California has settled farmers upon 3,000 acres of state improved land upon which an initial payment of 5 per cent. of the value has been received. The settler has 20 years in which to pay the balance at 5 per cent. interest. The 3,000 acres is part of 6,000 acres purchased by the California land settlement board and all of which will be improved in 1919. California has already proved the plan a success and with an appropriation of but \$260,000 which is to become a revolving fund for land improvement purposes.

Texas Can Do Better. "Texas will be able to accomplish the same good work but, I hope and am convinced, upon a much larger scale."

"Secretary Lane's plan to settle returned soldiers upon land in about the same way—but the improvements to be made by the federal government—is one of the most splendid schemes that has ever been proposed in America. Furthermore he has brought to his aid in carrying out the plan Dr. Elwood Mead of the University of California. Dr. Mead is perhaps the best man for that work in all the world. Certainly no other American approaches him in power for usefulness in planning farm homes for the soldiers. I had hoped that Texas would be able to secure the services of Dr. Mead in the state's land settlement work which I am sure will be undertaken; and I still hope that his advice may be available to us in buying land and making it into homes for farmers."

KNOCKS OUT PAIN THE FIRST ROUND

Comforting relief from pain makes Sloan's the World's Liniment

This famous reliever of rheumatic aches, soreness, stiffness, painful sprains, neuralgic pains, and most other external twinges that humanity suffers from, enjoys its great sales because it practically never fails to bring speedy, comforting relief.

Always ready for use, it takes little to penetrate without rubbing and produce results. Clean, refreshing. At all drug stores. A large bottle means economy.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

30c, 60c, \$1.20

BAKER SAYS NO CHANGE IN RUSSIAN MILITARY SITUATION

(By Associated Press) Washington, Nov. 19.—There has been no change in the Russian and Siberian situation from a military standpoint, Secretary Baker said today, and no plans have been made, either for sending additional American troops, or for withdrawal of any forces now operating in Siberia and European Russia.

ROYAL PRIVILEGES BEING CURTAILED

Paris, Nov. 19.—The German post-office department has suppressed the postal privileges of the German ruling princesses who have not yet abdicated, according to a telegram from Dresden.

UNDER GROUND HOME OF AMERICAN CORPS IS LUXURIOUS AFFAIR

(Correspondent of Associated Press.) With the American Troops in France, Oct. 30.—An amazing underground shelter or dugout, equipped with many luxuries, is the home of the staff of one American army corps which took prominent part in the St. Mihiel fight. It is little less than an underground city club, with offices, sleeping quarters, baths, restaurants, kitchens, electric lights, telephone, and bellboys in the persons of orderlies, and messengers, and many other appurtenances of hotel life.

Its occupation has permitted the staff of this corps to operate in close touch with the fighting troops much more closely behind the lines than such a corps ordinarily ventures.

From the outside the place was so inconspicuous, standing about 200 yards from the road, that ninety-nine out of a hundred motorists would have driven by without seeing it at all. The one hundredth would have seen merely a slight elevation in the muddy plain, with two or three dark holes in the ground that might have been old shell craters or anything else.

In reality the mud and grass covering was nothing but a concealment of a thirty-foot "ceiling" of reinforced concrete, the black holes well camouflaged entrances leading down a sloping runway to the brilliance of the electrically lighted interior. So stoutly was the whole constructed that an enemy shell of big calibre would scarcely do more than chip off a piece of the top, and no aviator's bomb could ever, even hitting directly, do much damage.

Inside, parallel with the road and traversing the length of the dugout, was a wide corridor—the "main street" of the institution—in which the commanding general rubbed shoulders with the orderlies and messengers as they went from office to office. Off this main street led minor streets running to the rear, and being used, for economy of space, as sleeping rooms for the enlisted men at night. Artificial ventilation provided for the constant purification of the whole dugout, and the smell throughout was clean and sweet.

Off the small streets, and off the big one, too, were the offices, constructed likewise for economy of space. Each was about ten feet wide and quite deep, with a narrow table running the length of the rooms, at which the officers and their assistants, working, working, all the time, answering the telephone every moment of the time issuing instructions and receiving reports.

Instead of having the operations department in one building, the intelligence in another, an odorous scattered in as many more, all were there together, in offices with walls as nearly soundproof as possible, under a ceiling just high enough to enable a tall man to walk or stand without stooping, so close together that a moment could put one in touch with the other is necessary, yet vastly far apart as far as any mutual or one-sided disturbance was concerned.

At the end of the big corridor was the kitchen, compact to the point of being a kitchenette. When the cooks finished each meal the side streets could suddenly be transformed into little cosy dining rooms, each with its long wooden table and narrow wooden benches. In less time than it takes to tell the general's mess was ready, the superior officers' mess and all the others.

No sound could penetrate the great concrete roof, and the great bombardment that opened the St. Mihiel "show" could not be heard, as an Associated Press correspondent who was there can attest. Yet outside the building the cannon were going "great guns" and the whole night was thundering with the noise.

CRAZY BOLSHEVIKS.

Archangel, Nov. 19.—Bolshevik forces resumed their attacks against American and British positions at Tulgas on the Dvina, on the morning of November 11.

After heavy bombardments from their gunboats and barges the Bolshevik infantry stormed allied barbed wire entanglements and succeeded temporarily in reaching gun emplacements of the Canadian artillery.

FOOD STUFF TO BE SHIPPED.

(By Associated Press) New York, Nov. 19.—Preparations to ship at an early date approximately two hundred and fifty thousand tons of food stuffs, from the United States, for the relief of the civilian population of Austria, now are underway, it was learned here today.

The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak

Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the depressing heat of summer by taking GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. You can soon feel its Strengthening, invigorating Effect. 60c.

THE NEW DRESS

By JULIA A. ROBINSON.

(Copyright, 1918, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Mamma, I've got to have a new dress to wear to the lawn party next week," announced Maude, looking up from the story she was reading. "I must have a white one. I saw a beauty at J—'s yesterday—georgette crepe, with the loveliest lace! I wish you'd buy it for me."

Her mother hesitated. "Don't you think you could get along with your last year's dress, dear?"

"Oh, mamma!" exclaimed Maude. "I've worn that everywhere I've been this summer. I'm tired of it; besides, it's all worn at the sleeves. I couldn't wear that, and you wouldn't have me, either."

"But everything costs so much now," ejaculated her mother. "Couldn't you manage some way?"

"I don't know how I could get along without a dress, really, mamma," returned Maude. "You'd want me to look as well as the other girls, wouldn't you? Mamie's going to have a new one, and I'm sure Helen Bates will. You don't want me to look shabby."

"How much would the new dress cost?" asked Mrs. Pope, weakening. "Forty dollars—but it's a beauty! It's really worth it."

The mother sighed. That seemed such a great price to pay for one dress, when everything was so dear, and money was needed to help the soldiers; but still, she did not like to disappoint Maude.

Just then Mr. Pope came in, puffing from the heat, but smiling and good-natured. He was generally in good humor.

"Dad!" exclaimed Maude, "mamma's been objecting to my having a new dress for the lawn party. My old one is quite shabby. You'd want me to have a new one, wouldn't you, dad? You old bird!" She flung her arms about her father's neck. She knew he never could deny her anything when she coaxed.

"Well, I guess we can raise the money, girlie! But don't choke me," he laughed. "We might as well let her have it if she wants it," he added, turning to his wife.

"Oh, you darling!" cried Maude, hugging him. "I'm so happy! I'm going right over to tell Helen Bates about it. She'll have something beautiful to wear, I know; but I guess mine'll be just as pretty as hers. You'll be proud of me in my new dress, dad."

Maude, all smiles, ran over to tell the good news to her friend. She found Helen sewing on a piece of dotted muslin. "What are you doing, Helen?" she asked.

"I'm making myself a new dress for the lawn party," beamed Helen, holding it up to view. "See! It's nearly done. I made it all myself; and it cost just \$6.75. Isn't it a dear?"

Maude looked at the dress, amazed. It was a pretty dress, but so plain, not a particle of lace, just tiny ruffles. It was not like the dresses Helen usually wore. "Yes, it's very pretty," she faltered.

She felt almost ashamed to tell Helen what her dress was going to cost. If Helen, one of the richest girls in town, could wear a dress costing \$6.75, why should she pay \$40 for one? Perhaps mother was right, after all.

"It's really pretty," repeated Maude, "but—I thought—you'd have something really fine, as you always do. Papa's going to buy me one. It's swell!" She enthused, remembering the coveted dress. "You usually have something so much more elaborate than this."

"Yes," smiled Helen, "but I'm beginning to think I've been quite foolish to spend so much on dress, especially now, when so much is needed for the war. We've been talking it over, mamma and I. We both wanted to give all we could to the Red Cross, and I decided if I bought the muslin and made the dress myself, I should have almost the entire cost of the dress to give away—and look just as well, too. You see, they need so much for the soldiers 'over there,' mamma and I are saving all we can to help."

This was a new idea to Maude, and she began to think.

"I suppose I could get along with a cheaper dress," she admitted. "Papa would give me the money, and I could save a part of it."

"Do!" cried Helen enthusiastically. "Couldn't you make it yourself, and save more? I'll help you."

"Why, I never made a dress in my life," confessed Maude. "I shouldn't know how."

"It's quite easy, after you once begin," encouraged Helen. "I'll show you how to do it. You see, I've got my hand in," she laughed. "Come! Let's go downtown and buy the goods and begin right off."

For the next week Maude was very busy, and very happy—happier than ever before in her life, for she was doing something to help others. She let her mother into the secret, but did not tell her father till she appeared before him on the day of the party in a dainty white lawn, very plain and simple, with tiny stitched ruffles.

"Don't I look sweet in my new dress, dad?" she chirped.

"Yes, you're always charming!" he flattered, looking at the dress.

She laughed. "You don't know the difference between this and a forty-dollar dress, daddy, dear! But the best of it is," she told him, with sparkling eyes, "I've got the new dress and thirty-four dollars besides to give to the Red Cross."

Irregular bowel movements lead to chronic constipation and a constipated habit fills the system with impurities. Herbie is a great bowel regulator. It purifies the system, vitalizes the blood and puts the digestive organs in fine, vigorous condition. Sold by E. J. Jenkins and M. H. James.

Maxwell Owners Wrote This Advertisement

200,000 enthusiastic Maxwell owners in the world. The extracts from letters printed below are typical of what they all say:

Repair Expense 5c.
Eight thousand miles—22 1-2 miles to the gallon—one set of tires. Repair expense, 5c. I am satisfied.—J. L. Falls, 6208 University Ave., Chicago.

All Kinds of Power.
My car has all kinds of power. We have up to 45 per cent grades around here and it is seldom I have even to shift gears. I have had no trouble and no expense other than for gas and oil.—A. B. Christianson, Hendricks, Minn.

11,780 Mountain Miles.
My Maxwell has gone 11,780 miles wherever the track of any car has been around these mountains. I got 9,000 miles on my tires and about 22 miles to the gallon. No trouble or repairs whatever.—F. C. Headley, Colorado Springs, Colo.

Climbs Any Hill.
I run about 22 miles to the gallon. My car never fails to start, has never been in a garage for repairs and has never failed to climb any hill. I can't say too much for the Maxwell.—H. W. Lacey, Hurley, New Mexico.

16,200 Miles—No Repairs.
Have driven my Maxwell car 16,200 miles—average 26 1-4 miles to the

gallon. Have not had any repair expense. My car is the best on the market at the price.—Oscar L. Yoder, Chickasha, Okla.

Will Go Where Other Cars Can't.
I like the Maxwell because it is roomy and comfortable, easily operated, almost trouble-proof and because it will go anywhere any car can and some places others can't.—L. E. Mead, Marshall, Minn.

Economical to Run.
My Maxwell is very economical to run. I have gone more than 10,000 miles—average 23 7-12 miles per gallon of gasoline.—George L. Cleaver, Imbler, Ore.

Wonderful Endurance.
My Maxwell has wonderful endurance. It can stand any kind of abuse. Besides it goes better than 20 miles per gallon. My U. S. tires have given 4,000 miles so far and are good for many more.—George Umberger, La Crescent, Minn.

30 Miles Per Gallon of Gasoline.
I have tried a good many light cars and know that the Maxwell is the best all-around car in its class. I have driven it 5,500 miles and get 30 miles to the gallon. No repair expenses at

all.—L. A. Sweatman, Providence, Rhode Island.

Plenty of Speed.
My Maxwell is a wonderful hill climber, has plenty of speed, is easy to operate and is very substantially built. I have driven it 4,500 miles.—John C. Freeborn, Bloomington, Kas.

Amazing Power.
Averages 27 1-2 miles per gallon, has driven 4,000 miles, and says, "If I were getting a car tomorrow it would be a Maxwell. It has amazing power."—F. B. Gerhard, Coral, Penn.

Perfect Shape After 23,700 Miles.
23,700 miles, average 20 miles per gallon. My car has never failed me, no matter where I want to go. If I were buying another car it would surely be a Maxwell.—F. N. Haroun, Portland, Ore.

Monthly Running Cost, \$3.
Has driven a Maxwell for 2 years and says, "My total expense for tires, gasoline, oil, new parts and everything else is \$75, an average monthly expense of about \$3."—G. W. Baker, Carthage, Mo.

No Equal for Service.
We have driven our Maxwell 6,804

miles on about 21 miles per gallon. One trip of 1,916 miles, 5 passengers, tent, bedding and provisions; crossed the Blewett Pass, Snoqualmie Pass, Mt. Rainier Park, Sunset Mountains and Blue Mountains. We believe that the Maxwell has no equal at anything near its price.—J. M. Burley, La Grande, Ore.

4,500 Miles on \$58.20.

"In seven months, I have driven 4,500 miles, getting 22 miles to the gallon, total expense, \$58.20, including gas, oil, tires, etc.—average monthly operating cost \$8.31. My driving is over mountains or desert. In my opinion a Maxwell could be driven 8,000 miles without a single item of expense, except gasoline and oil, if given fair attention and operated on fairly good roads."—Fred Williams, El Centro, California.

Drove Up Pike's Peak.
My car has run 10,872 miles and through mountainous country and I average 19 miles to the gallon. I drove up Pike's Peak Highway, over all the scenic drives of Southern Colorado, through Arizona and New Mexico. Never had any engine trouble whatever.—Alfred J. Black, Avondale, Colorado.

These extracts are but a very few of many thousands of letters from Maxwell owners. What the Maxwell has done for these motorists, it will do for you—because the Maxwell is built right—of only the best materials, on sound, sane, time-tried lines of construction. Come into our salesrooms and let us show you how and why.

WEBB MOTOR CAR COMPANY, Distributors - - Salesrooms opposite the Postoffice
We have a few cars that we can make immediate delivery on

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the

Signature of

WILSON WILL SAIL IN DECEMBER FOR FRANCE WHITE HOUSE STATES

(By Associated Press)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19. — President Woodrow Wilson is to sail immediately after the opening of the regular session of Congress on December 2, for France to take part in the discussion and settlement of the main features of the peace treaty.

His decision to accept the invitation of the allied premiers was made known last night in a formal statement from the White House.

This breaks another precedent, being the first time in history of United States a president while serving as president has crossed the ocean.

When President Taft and President Porfirio Diaz met at El Paso they first met on the international bridge and then afterwards each paid the other a formal visit, President Taft being received by President Diaz in the salon of the custom house of Ciudad Jaurez, the Mexican city opposite El Paso. In returning the visit President Diaz was received by President Taft in the El Paso chamber of commerce.

Preparations are being planned in France and England to tender President Wilson receptions unequalled in the annals of the world.

President Wilson will, of course, be accompanied by delegates who will sit as the representatives of the United States throughout the conference.

"The names of the delegates will be presently announced."

How long the president will remain abroad he himself probably can not say now. The time for the convening of the peace conference has not yet been announced, but the general belief here is that it cannot be assembled until late in December at the earliest. If such proves the case, the president will be absent from the country for at least a month and probably longer.

He undoubtedly will be accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, and it is expected here that besides visiting Paris, where the peace congress probably will be held, he will go to London and possibly to Brussels and Rome.

In reaching the decision to attend the peace conference, President Wilson is understood to have been largely influenced by representations from Premiers Lloyd George of Great Britain and Clemenceau of France and other statesmen of the entente countries. The principles and terms of settlement enunciated by the president have been accepted by both the associated nations and the central powers as the basis upon which peace is to be re-established and it is understood that it is for the working out of the application of these principles that his presence is so earnestly desired by the allied statesmen.

Since the suggestion that the president attend the peace conference first was made there has been much discussion here as to whether while absent from the country he could continue to act as president. The constitution itself is silent on the question and generally the question is regarded as one which the president himself must decide.

The prevailing opinion here is that Mr. Wilson already has made up his mind on this subject.

EVERY EXHIBIT FROM CLUB TAKES PRIZE

The Texas Cotton Palace announces the following prizes for the boys' and girls' poultry club of Brazos county:

- Second best general exhibit, \$10.00.
 - Individual Exhibits.
 - Rosa Morell, white leghorns; first prize, \$3.50.
 - Floy Saxon, brown leghorns; third prize, \$1.50.
 - Joe Lloyd, Jr., brown leghorns; fourth prize, 50c.
 - Lillian Lloyd, barred rocks; second prize, \$2.50.
 - Emma Kosarek, barred rocks; first prize, \$3.50.
 - Homer Mathis, white rocks; first prize, \$3.50.
 - Frank Crenshaw, reds; third prize, \$1.50.
 - Edgar Peters, reds; fourth prize, 50c.
- Every exhibit entered from Brazos county was awarded a prize.

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES ARE CONSOLIDATED

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Nov. 20.—The consolidation of the Western Union and Postal telegraph companies, under government control was announced by Postmaster General Burleson today, effective December 1st.

MEDALS AT ONE CENT EACH
Paris, Nov. 20.—Crown prince medals which the former German emperor lavishly bestowed during the war are now being held in Germany for five pennies or about one American cent a piece.

NOWADAYS.
Teacher (to geography class): How many zones are there? Well, Archibald?
Pupil: Two—wet and dry!

Put Wilhelm in Coal Mines.
(Cedar Rapids Gazette.)
Wilhelm never earned an honest dollar in his life. Give him the chance. Stick him into some coal mine and give him a pick and shovel and lay out a certain amount of work each day that must be accomplished. If the job is not done, cut his rations, and at best let his rations be no better than the black bread and the meat substitutes he is feeding his subjects now.

WANT REPRESENTATION
New York, Nov. 20.—The National American Woman Suffrage Association, meeting here, adopted a resolution urging President Wilson to give women "adequate representation" on the United States delegation to the peace conference.
The resolution was offered by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the association.
Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, speaking in favor of the resolution, declared there are 27,000,000 women in the United States who deserve such recognition.
"Men know some things about men, but together men and women know all things about men and women."

PLAN ERECTION OF MEMORIAL BUILDING

A more dignified, elaborate and permanent memorial to the sons of A. and M. who have fallen in battle than any alumnus of the institution had dared to hope for is planned by President Bizzell, who announces that a permanent memorial building that shall be made to perform some useful function on the Campus at the same time that it perpetuates the names of the men who gave up their lives for freedom is not too great a tribute for the College and its friends to pay to these men.
"While my idea as to a fitting memorial to the A. and M. men who made the supreme sacrifice in the world war have not been definitely determined," Dr. Bizzell said, "I am persuaded that this memorial should assume a form that will permit it to preserve to succeeding generations the names, pictures and records in service of the men who counted not their own lives dear unto themselves but gave them up freely that those of us who remained at home, along with the peoples of all other nations, might forever enjoy the blessings of liberty."

HUGE CONTRACTS CANCELLED.
Washington, Nov. 19.—Naval ordinance contracts amounting to over four hundred and twenty-one million dollars have been cancelled since hostilities ceased, naval officials told the house naval committee today.

PRESIDENT TO ATTEND MAJOR PORTION OF GREAT CONFERENCES

Washington, Nov. 20.—Democratic senators who conferred with President Wilson tonight for two hours left the White House with the impression that the president now plans to remain in France indefinitely or at least until the major portion of the work of the peace conference has been completed.

The president was understood to be especially interested in the application, in the framing of the treaty, of the principle of the freedom of the seas, which he enunciated in his fourteen terms and on which the allies, in agreeing to discuss peace with Germany, have reserved the right of freedom of action at the peace conference.

The plan for a league of nations was another subject to which the president was said to have given much study. He was understood to regard this essential for the maintenance of the peace of the world.

During his absence from the United States the president plans to continue to exercise all the functions of his office. He will keep in communication with Washington by wireless while at sea and by cable and, if necessary, by dispatch boats while he is abroad.

While in France the president was said to plan transaction of any necessary executive business in the American embassy. Technically he then would be on American soil. Should he visit London or any of the other allied capitals the embassies there would become his executive headquarters.

Besides discussing his plans for his trip abroad, the president was understood to have taken up with the senators problems of reconstruction and necessary legislation. It was said that he opposes creation of a reconstruction commission, either executive or congressional, preferring that the work be done by existing agencies, such as the war industries board, the food administration and the war trade board.

Senators attending the conference included Simmons and Overman of North Carolina, Pomerene of Ohio, Walsh of Montana and Swanson of Virginia, all chairmen of important committees. During the day the president had conferred with Senator Martin of Virginia, the democratic leader.

Discuss Labor Problems.

The American merchant marine, labor problems and the war revenue bill were other subjects taken up at the conference tonight, which lasted until about 10 o'clock. The president was said to have reiterated his views on the necessity for a great fleet of ships to carry the nation's commerce and to that end favors continuation of the government shipbuilding program.

Regarding labor, senators were said to have been told that maintenance of utmost confidence between employers and employees is particularly essential during the period of reconstruction.

Retrenchment in federal expenditures as far as is consistent was said to be desired by the president, who told the senators he already had taken steps to that end. In this connection, the pending war revenue bill was discussed, especially with Senator Simmons, chairman of the senate finance committee. The president asked regarding prospects of its passage, in view of his approaching departure for France and was advised by Senator Simmons of the prospect of delay and determined republican opposition to the plan proposed by Secretary McAdoo for determination in the pending measure of 1920 tax rates.
Reconstruction and legislative questions, the senators were said to have been informed, probably will be discussed by the president in his address to congress at the opening of the new session December 2. At that time he is expected to outline his views on the necessity for maintaining some government war agencies, at least for a limited period after the peace treaty is signed.

To Sail Shortly

The president plans to sail for Europe soon after congress reconvenes and it was understood that for this reason, he desired the leisurely conference last night covering the broad field of legislation and other questions.

MAY USE MORE LIGHT

The federal fuel administration for Texas, has rescinded the "lightless night" order for Texas towns, and advises that lighting in Texas may be used as in pre-war times with the exception that the extravagant use of light generated or produced by the use of coal, oil, gas, or other fuel for illuminating purposes, in the streets, parks, or other public places of the city, village or town, or for other outdoor illumination, public or private, is still prohibited.

STUFFED UP WITH "A BAD COLD?"

Get busy with a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once

Coughs, colds and bronchial attacks—they are all likely to result in dangerous ailments unless checked in time. And how effectively and quickly Dr. King's New Discovery helps to do the checking work! Inflamed, irritated membranes are soothed, the mucous phlegm loosened freely, and quiet, restful sleep follows.

Constipation Emacipation
No more lazy bowels, yellow complexion, sick headache, indigestion, embarrassing breath, when you use a corrective Dr. King's New Life Pills. They systematize the system and keep the world looking cheerful.

AIRPLANES CARRY TONS OF FOOD FOR ADVANCED TROOPS

(By Associated Press)
Dunkirk, France, Nov. 20.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.) Thirteen tons of food was carried by the British Royal air force and the Belgian air forces to several divisions of the Belgian army which had advanced beyond the Houthulst Forest in Belgium, early in the allied offensive in the Belgian sector, and sustained those troops during the period in which they were cut off from supplies owing to impassable roads. This is believed to be the largest scale in which supplies were ever delivered to troops by airplane.

Continuous rain, shell fire and artillery fire had ground the roads out of existence. They were transformed into channels of deep mud. By evening the general in command of the Belgian forces reported that supplies of food had been exhausted. Would it be possible, he enquired, to send food up by airplane?

The answer was that it would and the task was assigned to the Belgian air forces and to the Fifth group of the British Royal air force. Their job was to deposit army rations at a point to which nothing but a bird or an airplane could penetrate.

GOMPERS WARNS LABOR WILL RESIST REDUCTION OF WAGES

Laredo, Nov. 20.—Samuel Gompers, president American Federation of Labor, in the closing hours of the Pan-American labor conference here Saturday, served formal warning that no general reduction of wages nor increase in working hours after the war would be accepted without a bitter fight by organized labor. He issued a statement inspired by a recent public utterance of William H. Barr, president of the National Founders' association, that a reduction of wages and longer hours would be the only means to enable American manufacturers to continue to cope with foreign industries after the war.

"Notice is given here and now," Mr. Gompers said, "that the American people will not be forced back by either Barr, his associates or all the Bourbons in the United States."

President Gompers read into the record a published statement in which Mr. Barr was quoted:

"Perhaps I might not have taken notice of this declaration if the same character of information had not come to me from various quarters," Mr. Gompers said.

"There are some people who will not understand; there are some people who do not understand, all that is meant by the willingness of the people of the democracies to fight and make the sacrifices in order that a better time shall come in the world when the working people are coming into their own. They have new rights and new advantages. They have made the sacrifices, and they are going to enjoy the better times for which the whole world has been in a convulsion. The American labor movement wholeheartedly supported this world struggle. The American labor movement went to the fullest lengths in support of that struggle and we know just what was involved."

"One word more: The American labor movement will co-operate with all other agencies to help in this reconstruction time. Our movement is not to destroy, but to construct. And all may just as well understand now as at any other time that the advantage which the workers of America and of the allied countries have gained and which we hope to extend to the people even of the conquered countries, are not going to be taken away from us. And we will resist that attempt to the uttermost."

TURKEYS WANTED.
Turkeys are now salable at 22 cents. D. Mike, Bryan, Texas, wltpl
FOR SALE.
A good top buggy and harness. Also an A No. 1, Poland China brood sow. Could use a good cow. Odie Minatra at B. B. A. w1

NEURALGIA OF THE FACE, SHOULDER, HANDS, OR FEET requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Sold by E. J. Jenkins and M. H. James.

DOCTORS SAY CALOTAB ARE BEST FOR COLDS

According to the world's greatest physicians an dmical experts, calomel is the best and only dependable remedy for breaking up a cold overnight or cutting short an attack of sore throat, deep-seated cough or la grippe. Now that science has purified calomel of all its nausea and dangerous qualities, the new kind of calomel called "Calotabs" is even more popular than the old style.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water,—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with your diet, work or pleasures. Next morning your cold has vanished and your whole system is purified and refreshed. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your druggist recommends and guarantees Calotabs and will refund the price if you are not delighted with them.—adv.

UNDER SPUR OF WAR OIL INDUSTRY OF TEXAS DEVELOPS

(By Associated Press)
Dallas, Texas, Nov. 20.—Under the spur of war, Texas in the last year, has effected a tremendous development of her oil industry. Today there are in operation in this state forty-two refineries, with a capacity of 278,800 barrels daily. They are capable of refining double the amount of oil produced in the Texas field last year. Fields of unsuspected volume have been opened and made to aid in keeping ships and army motors at top speed.

In the coastal region where ten refineries are in operation, the first unit is nearly completed of a big oil plant on the Houston ship canal. It is intended to have a capacity of 20,000 barrels a day and represent an investment from \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

FRENCH ENTER ST. LOUIS.
(By Associated Press)
Paris, Nov. 19.—French guards yesterday entered the town of St. Louis, opposite Basel, Switzerland.

TROUBLE COST HIM \$2,500 HE DECLARES

Birmingham Man Threw Away Money For Seven Years But Got No Relief Until He Took Tanlac He Says

"I was unable to do a lick of work for four years, but Tanlac has made me as well and strong as I ever was in my life and I can do as big a day's work as anybody said W. A. Spitzer, an employee of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company, residing at 6707 Georgia Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama.

"About seven years ago, I began having attacks of acute indigestion. I would swell up with gas until I could hardly breathe and my pulse ran down so I was afraid my heart would stop beating. My kidneys gave me no end of trouble and for four years I never saw a day that I was free from misery. I got so weak I could hardly stand and was just about done for. I reckon I have spent all of \$2,500 dollars in the past six or seven years on medicines and advice, but nothing helped me.

"Well, sir, Tanlac just put me on my feet in a hurry. I can eat just anything I want now without any sign of indigestion. I am almost ashamed to eat enough to satisfy myself. I haven't a pain about me, and sleep so sound they have to wake me in the morning. I have gained twenty-one pounds, and now weigh more than I ever did."

Tanlac is sold in Bryan by N. A. Stewart.—adv.

YOUNG GIRL MAKES \$96.54 FROM ONLY ONE TENTH ACRE OF LAND

What can be done in the way of farming in Brazos county when modern scientific methods are used, has been demonstrated in a most practical manner by Miss Florence Conway, a member of a Brazos county canning club.

The past season Miss Conway had one-tenth of an acre in cultivation. From this she raised 2,424 pounds of tomatoes and nine pounds of other vegetables.

Miss Conway kept an accurate account of her expenses and her receipts from her "farm" and the results show that she made a net profit of \$91.64 from her one-tenth acre. The expenses being \$27.23 and the total receipts \$118.87.

"This is my fourth year as a club member," says Miss Conway, in speaking of her club, "and I am glad to say that I have enjoyed the work greatly. It has been not only pleasant, but very instructive to me. I hope other girls will join clubs. I am sure they will never regret so doing."

"During the last year I worked one-tenth of an acre—132 by 33 feet. The soil was a good black, sandy bottom soil."

"On January 1, I hired a negro to flat break my plot deeply, after which it layed in this condition until February 8, when I had it bedded in four-foot rows."

"On March 27, I raked the rows down tolerably flat and began to transplant."

"In raising my plants I made a hot bed January 4, and planted my seed January 16. On account of their good germination qualities I sold \$4.75 worth of plants to other girls."

"Beginning my transplanting on March 27, I finished this work the following evening. I used the Red Rock, Early Ander, McGee and Early Chalk seed."

"In making my hot bed I used barn manure, but no other fertilizer, and my plants did exceedingly well."

"I was bothered with a flea-like insect as long as my plants were in the hot bed."

"After I transplanted the plants the frost killed a large number. I was compelled to cut trees and haul moss to cover and protect those I did save. This was the only trouble I had until my plants were grown and loaded with green fruit. The plants were then attacked by a large green worm which stripped the leaves and little fruit from the stems."

"I cultivated my plot mostly by hand. I gave it a thorough hoeing every week, the first being on April 8, and shortly after the plants were transplanted. Two days later I had the plot plowed; two furrows to the row and the next plowing was April 24, when I had the middles run out."

"I did not stake my tomatoes, but I think that I should have done so. I

Only One Corn Peeler, "Gets-It"

Stop Corn Pains; See Corn Peel Off. It is just when a corn hurts that you want to feel surest about getting rid of it. Why take chances of keeping the corn and having the pain grow worse? You'll use "Gets-It."



The Only Peel-Off Way Is "Gets-It."

It's anyhow, sooner or later, might as well use it sooner. Then you are absolutely sure that the corn will loosen from your toe so that you can peel the whole thing off painlessly with your fingers, in one complete piece—just like peeling a banana. It takes a second or two to apply "Gets-It." There's no fussing or putting. Corn-pains will vanish—that'll keep you sweet while the "Gets-It" does the rest. Nothing like the judgment of the millions, use "Gets-It" and be sure to be corn and pain free! You'll say it's magic. "Gets-It," the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store, M'f'd by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill. Sold in Bryan and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by M. H. James and E. J. Jenkins.

GERMAN BAND PLAYS LE MARSEILLAISE ON UNTER DEN LINDEN

(By Associated Press)
Berlin, Nov. 20.—For the first time since the founding of the German empire, the "Marseillaise" was played by a German band heading a procession down Unter Den Linden, yesterday.

Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Sold by E. J. Jenkins and M. H. James.

"Do you think that the government will ever control all the religions?" "Why, even the Almighty has never been able to do that."

pruned the plants by pinching off the lower branches.

"I am not sure when my first bloom came, but I know I had fruit the middle of May."

"I had some misfortunes yet I succeeded in canning 765 two-pound cans and 37 three-pound cans of fine tomatoes."

"My beets and okra were killed by frost and I only canned 7 two-pound cans o fbeans."

"From my one-tenth acre I made a net profit of \$91.64."

Wanted! Cotton Seed

Crop is short---Brazos county cotton seed should be worked up in Bryan---Puts money in circulation and gives employment to home people.

Bryan Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Company

A Home Institution.